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30 July 1959
SI/3/59 Memo No. 102

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Security
ATTENTION : Alien Affairs Staff
1304 Eye Building
SUBJECT : Jerry SZYNAKOWSKI

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
SOURCESMETHODSEXEMPTION 3B2B
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2007

1. Reference is made to this morning's telephone conversation between [] and [] of this office regarding the possibilities of expediting the immigration to the United States of Subject, his sister and mother from Poland.

2. Subject was born 12 November 1930 in Lvov, Poland. He was imprisoned by the Soviets in March 1947 because of partisan activities. The date of his return to Poland from the prison camp in Vladivostok, Vladivostok Oblast, was April 1959. In December 1956 Subject underwent a lobectomy for tuberculosis of the lung. He presently is suffering from serious anemia, rheumatism and a general run-down condition. His sister Stephanija is willing to accept all responsibility for Subject and have him hospitalized here. The Agency would in no way be obligated to Subject.

3. Subject's sister, Irene SZYNAKOWSKA, was born 3 July 1920 in Lvov. His mother, Maria SZYNAKOWSKA nee TUR, was born 3 January 1894 in the district of Peremyshljan. Subject, his mother and Irene presently are living at Wroclaw, Poland, Ul. Rynek 3, a.8.

4. Subject was captured in his early teens (ca. 1944) and sentenced to 25 years of labor in Siberia. About 1955 Subject's sister Stephanija (Mrs. Jaroslaw PRZESLAK), who lives at 30 Zittel Street, Buffalo 10, New York, received a letter from her mother (a Polish citizen) stating she was living in Lvov, Ukrainian SSR, and in 1956 the mother succeeded in emigrating from Lvov to Poland. Subject's sister Irene, who also was interned in a labor camp, was freed in 1955 or 1956 and went to join her mother in Poland.

5. Stephanija succeeded in getting an official statement from the Polish Government to the effect that Subject is a Polish citizen. All official papers on Subject were forwarded by the Polish Government to the Soviet Union and in March 1959 Subject arrived in Poland on the last repatriation train bearing Polish citizens from the Soviet Union. Subject presently is living with his mother in Wroclaw.

6. In October 1957, Subject's sister Stephanija filed an application for the immigration of her mother, sister Irene and Subject (who at that time was still

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In prison but who was listed at his mother's address). In 1973 his mother was called by the American Embassy in Warsaw for an interview to the United States but, because Subject was still in prison and she did not want to leave without him, she did not apply for the visa. In May 1979, after Subject's release, Stephens again made application to the American Embassy in Warsaw via a lawyer requesting visas for her mother, sister and brother and was informed that it will be a couple of years before the family could immigrate under the normal immigrant quota. Recently, however, Stephens advised that the American Embassy in Warsaw notified her brother and sister that visas would be granted them as soon as Subject presents an official certificate from the Soviets to the effect that he served 12 years in prison. It is impossible for Subject to produce such a certificate. He also is not able and he is not willing to supply the Embassy a statement which the Embassy requested in the English language stating that information exactly he has from the Ukrainian underground leader. In a letter to his sister Stephens Subject has stated that he has a message from a top man in the Ukrainian underground and information of an organizational nature of importance to Ukrainian emigre leaders (former underground members) in the United States and of interest to the West.

7. It is requested that the U.S. Department of State be asked to return Subject, his mother and sister back to the top of the immigration quota list, in view of the fact that his immigration is in the national interest of the United States.

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[]
Chief, SA/3

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